

Medical Necessity Guideline (MNG) Title: Genetic and Molecular Testing		
MNG #: 002	☑ CCA Senior Care Options (HMO	Prior Authorization Needed?
	D-SNP) (MA)	☑ Yes (always required)
	☑ CCA One Care (Medicare-	\square Yes (only in certain situations.
	Medicaid) (MA)	See this MNG for details)
		□No
Benefit Type:	Approval Date: 1/10/2019; 11/9/23	Effective Date: 4/01/2019;
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02/04/2021; 6/2/2022;	1/10/2020; 02/04/2022; 6/2/2023;	
11/3/2022; 11/9/23; 8/8/24; 1/1/25;	11/3/2024; 8/8/25	
2/13/25		

OVERVIEW:

Genetic testing refers to any type of testing that helps to determine the *genotype* of an individual in *germline* or selected *somatic* cells. These tests analyze human chromosomes, deoxyribonucleic acid, ribonucleic acid, *genes*, and other gene products to detect inheritable and/or acquired alterations that cause or are likely to cause a particular disorder or condition. Molecular diagnostic testing is a type of genetic test that examines the changes in one or more genes to determine the order of nucleotides in an individual's genetic code. Molecular tests use DNA sequencing to detect abnormalities in the gene sequence, to test for histocompatibility antigens, to determine prognosis and/or to predict response to treatment. One particular molecular test, *next generation sequencing (NGS)*, uses parallel sequencing assays to analyze the bulk of an individual's DNA to detect *variants* in a broad range of rare and complex disorders. It is often used when single gene or panel testing has not provided a diagnosis or when the suspected condition or genetic cause is unclear.

Genetic testing has demonstrated efficacy in predicting outcomes and to be a helpful clinical decision-making tool. It may be used for predictive and pre-symptomatic testing for adult-onset and complex disorders, diagnostic and carrier screening for inherited disorders, and pharmacogenetic testing to guide drug dosage, selection, and response. The likelihood of development of disease depends on the presence of specific genetic variants, *inheritance pattern*, *penetrance*, *expressivity*, the individual's age, and other contributory genetic and environmental factors. The different methods to identify specific variants include *Sanger sequencing*, *Microarray technologies*, and NGS. Choosing the appropriate test to perform depends on the indication or presenting features, tests available for the suspected condition(s), and the available information regarding the genetic causes of the condition or presenting condition(s).

DEFINITIONS:

Expressivity: The clinical differences in the way a disease is expressed.

Gene: Refers to a gene, region of a gene, and/or variants) of a gene that can be assayed serially or in parallel.

Genetic test: Test that involves an analysis of human chromosomes, deoxynucleic acid, ribonucleic acid,



genes, and gene products (e.g., enzymes, proteins, metabolites) used to detect heritable or somatic variants that are related to disease.

Genotype: Refers to the DNA blueprint and is associated with the clinical manifestations of a trait or disease.

Germline: Refers to the sex cells (eggs and sperm) that reproducing organisms use to pass on their genomes from one generation to the next.

High-risk group: Refers to an individual with a personal or family history of autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive, x- linked recessive, x-linked dominant or a family history of chromosomal abnormality (e.g., chromosomal translocation or inversion).

Inheritance pattern: Describe how genetic variants are distributed in families. Certain cancer syndromes or metabolic disorders may be autosomal or sex-linked, and recessive or dominant.

Microarray technologies: Genetic testing method that uses an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridization approach to code for target reference sequence or alternate, disease-associated variant. The purpose of the test is to identify DNA changes at the level of a single nucleotide, larger portions of one or more genes, or larger regions of one or more chromosomes.

Molecular test: A type of genetic test that looks for changes in one or more genes. These tests determine the order of nucleotides (DNA building blocks) in an individual's genetic code by DNA sequencing to detect variants in genes and to test for histocompatibility antigens.

Next generation sequencing (NGS): Genetic testing method that uses rapid, high-throughput parallel sequencing of multiple small fragments of DNA to determine sequence.

Penetrance: Refers to the likelihood that an individual with a disease genotype will actually manifest one or me of the clinical features associated with the disease.

Sanger sequencing: Genetic testing method that is used to determine the nucleotides present in a fragment of DNA. It is considered the gold standard in clinical genetic testing for the detection of point mutations and small variants.

Somatic cells: Somatic cells are diploid and contain two sets of chromosomes, one set inherited from each parent. Somatic mutations can impact the individual carrying the mutation but cannot be passed on and have no effect on the offspring.

Variant: A variation from a reference sequence for clinical testing. Variants are classified into one of five categories: pathogenic, likely pathogenic, variant of uncertain significance, likely benign, or benign.

DECISION GUIDELINES:



Commonwealth Care Alliance (CCA) follows applicable Medicare and Medicaid regulations when available to review prior authorization requests for medical necessity. This Medical Necessity Guideline (MNG) Clinical Coverage Criteria applies to genetic and molecular testing unless a more expansive and applicable CMS National Coverage Determinations (NCDs), Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs), or state-specific guidelines for medical necessity determination exists, including, but not limited to the following:

- L3500: Molecular Pathology Procedures
- L37606: Genomic Sequence Analysis Panels in the Treatment of Hematolymphoid Diseases
- L37810: Genomic Sequence Analysis Panels in the Treatment of Solid Organ Neoplasms
- L37851: Biomarker Testing for Neuroendocrine Tumors/Neoplasms
- L38371: Multimarker Serum Tests Related to Ovarian Cancer Testing
- L38968: Thyroid Nodule Molecular Testing
- L39027: Respiratory Pathogen Panel Testing
- L39726: KidneyIntelX and KidneyIntelX.dkd Testing
- NCD 90.2: Next Generation Sequencing (NGS)
- Mass Health Guidelines for Medical Necessity Determination for Gene Expression Profiling Tests for Breast Cancer
 - https://www.mass.gov/guides/masshealth-guidelines-for-medical-necessity-determination-for-genetic-testing-for-hereditary-breast-andor-ovarian-cancer
- Mass Health Guidelines for Medical Necessity Determination for Fragile X Carrier Screening
- Mass Health Guidelines for Medical Necessity Determination for Maternal Cell-Free Fetal DNA Testing for Aneuploidy
- MassHealth Provider Manual Series: Independent Clinical Laboratory Manual 6. Service Codes. download
- CCA Medical Necessity Guideline: Chromosomal Microarray Analysis
- CCA Medical Necessity Guideline: Genetic Testing: BRCA-Related Breast and/or Ovarian Cancer Syndrome
- CCA Medical Necessity Guideline: Experimental & Investigational Services
- CCA Medical Necessity Guideline (MNG) Title: Maternal Cell-Free Fetal DNA Testing

Clinical Coverage Criteria:

When CMS and/or Mass Health guidelines are not available for requested genetic/molecular test, clinical coverage criteria below will apply:

- 1. CCA may cover the specific Genetic/Molecular Test if **ALL** of the following criteria are met:
- a. The member belongs to a high-risk group for a particular disease(s) based on either:
 - Personal history, family history, documentation of a genetic variant, and/or ethnic/ancestry; or
 - ii. The member displays clinical features of the specific variant in question; and
 - b. Alternative laboratory or clinical tests to definitively diagnose the disorder/identify the condition are unavailable or do not result in a definitive diagnosis of the suspected disorder; and



- c. The test is considered a scientifically proven method for the identification of the specific genetically linked inheritable disease or is a clinically valid test based on published peer reviewed medical literature; and
- d. Testing assay(s) are Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved or cleared for the use in the member's condition; *and*
- e. The test is ordered and furnished by a qualified clinician with expertise in the treatment of the targeted disease OR from a provider with genetic counseling expertise; *and*
- f. The results of the genetic test will directly alter the treatment and/or medical management of the member's diagnosed condition and/or the member's current pregnancy.

LIMITATIONS/EXCLUSIONS:

- CCA will limit diagnostic genetic testing for a disease to one test per lifetime. A duplicate genetic test for an inherited condition may be covered if there is uncertainty about the validity of the existing test result or if repeat testing of somatically acquired variant(s) is required to inform appropriate therapeutic decision-making.
- For testing panels, including but not limited to, multiple genes or multiple conditions, and in cases
 where a tiered approach/method is clinically available, testing would be covered ONLY for the
 number of genes or test that are reasonable and necessary to obtain necessary information for
 therapeutic decision-making.
- 3. Medically necessary interpretation and report of the genetic and molecular diagnostic test must be written by a qualified clinician or pathologist eligible to report this service. The report is above and beyond the report of standard laboratory results and may not be reported by non-medical practitioners (e.g., PhD, scientists, etc.).
- 4. CCA will not cover and does not consider genetic tests that meet **ANY** of the following criteria as medically necessary:
 - a. Testing for the purpose of confirming a suspected diagnosis that can be diagnosed by an alternative laboratory or clinical test.
 - b. Testing for the purpose of informing care of a member's family member.
 - c. Testing that is performed by an out-of-network laboratory when it can be performed by an in-network laboratory.
 - d. Tests that are scientifically unproven and where clinical validity and utility has not been definitively determined due to the paucity of data.
 - e. Tests that have not been approved or cleared by the FDA.
 - f. Tests that are unlikely to impact the treatment, outcome, and/or clinical management in the care of the member.
 - g. Home testing, self-referral testing, and/or direct-to-consumer genetic tests.

CODING:

When applicable, a list(s) of codes requiring prior authorization is provided. This list is for reference purposes only and may not be all inclusive. The inclusion of a code does not imply any right to reimbursement or guarantee claim payment.



NOTE: Genetic and Molecular diagnostic testing, including Proprietary Laboratory Analyses (PLA), and Multianalyte assays with algorithmic analyses (MAAA) requires prior authorization.

Coverage of genetic tests will require documentation that supports medical necessity.

CPT/HCPCS	CODE DESCRIPTION
CODE	
81105	Human Platelet Antigen 1 genotyping (HPA-1), ITGB3 (integrin, beta 3 [platelet glycoprotein IIIa], antigen CD61 [GPIIIa]) (eg, neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia [NAIT], post-transfusion purpura), gene analysis, common variant, HPA-1a/b (L33P)
81106	Human Platelet Antigen 2 genotyping (HPA-2), GP1BA (glycoprotein lb [platelet], alpha polypeptide [GPIba]) (eg, neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia [NAIT], post-transfusion purpura), gene analysis, common variant, HPA-2a/b (T145M)
81107	Human Platelet Antigen 3 genotyping (HPA-3), ITGA2B (integrin, alpha 2b [platelet glycoprotein IIb of IIb/IIIa complex], antigen CD41 [GPIIb]) (eg, neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia [NAIT], post-transfusion purpura), gene analysis, common variant, HPA-3a/b (I843S)
81108	Human Platelet Antigen 4 genotyping (HPA-4), ITGB3 (integrin, beta 3 [platelet glycoprotein IIIa], antigen CD61 [GPIIIa]) (eg, neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia [NAIT], post-transfusion purpura), gene analysis, common variant, HPA-4a/b (R143Q)
81109	Human Platelet Antigen 5 genotyping (HPA-5), ITGA2 (integrin, alpha 2 [CD49B, alpha 2 subunit of VLA-2 receptor] [GPIa]) (eg, neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia [NAIT], post-transfusion purpura), gene analysis, common variant (eg, HPA-5a/b (K505E))
81110	Human Platelet Antigen 6 genotyping (HPA-6w), ITGB3 (integrin, beta 3 [platelet glycoprotein IIIa, antigen CD61] [GPIIIa]) (eg, neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia [NAIT], post-transfusion purpura), gene analysis, common variant, HPA-6a/b (R489Q)
81111	Human Platelet Antigen 9 genotyping (HPA-9w), ITGA2B (integrin, alpha 2b [platelet glycoprotein IIb of IIb/IIIa complex, antigen CD41] [GPIIb]) (eg, neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia [NAIT], post-transfusion purpura), gene analysis, common variant, HPA-9a/b (V837M)
81112	Human Platelet Antigen 15 genotyping (HPA-15), CD109 (CD109 molecule) (eg, neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia [NAIT], post-transfusion purpura), gene analysis, common variant, HPA-15a/b (S682Y)
81120	IDH1 (isocitrate dehydrogenase 1 [NADP+], soluble) (eg, glioma), common variants (eg, R132H, R132C)
81121	IDH2 (isocitrate dehydrogenase 2 [NADP+], mitochondrial) (eg, glioma), common variants (eg, R140W, R172M)
81161	DMD (dystrophin) (eg, Duchenne/Becker muscular dystrophy) deletion analysis, and duplication analysis, if performed



04460	
81168	CCND1/IGH (t(11;14)) (eg, mantle cell lymphoma) translocation analysis, major
	breakpoint, qualitative and quantitative, if performed
81170	ABL1 (ABL proto-oncogene 1, non-receptor tyrosine kinase) (eg, acquired imatinib
	tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance), gene analysis, variants in the kinase domain
81171	AFF2 (ALF transcription elongation factor 2 [FMR2]) (eg, fragile X intellectual
	disability 2 [FRAXE]) gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded)
	alleles
81172	AFF2 (ALF transcription elongation factor 2 [FMR2]) (eg, fragile X intellectual
	disability 2 [FRAXE]) gene analysis; characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size and
	methylation status)
81173	AR (androgen receptor) (eg, spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy, Kennedy disease, X
	chromosome inactivation) gene analysis; full gene sequence
81174	AR (androgen receptor) (eg, spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy, Kennedy disease, X
	chromosome inactivation) gene analysis; known familial variant
81175	ASXL1 (additional sex combs like 1, transcriptional regulator) (eg, myelodysplastic
	syndrome, myeloproliferative neoplasms, chronic myelomonocytic leukemia), gene
	analysis; full gene sequence
81176	ASXL1 (additional sex combs like 1, transcriptional regulator) (eg, myelodysplastic
	syndrome, myeloproliferative neoplasms, chronic myelomonocytic leukemia), gene
	analysis; targeted sequence analysis (eg, exon 12)
81177	ATN1 (atrophin 1) (eg, dentatorubral-pallidoluysian atrophy) gene analysis,
	evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81178	ATXN1 (ataxin 1) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to detect
	abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81179	ATXN2 (ataxin 2) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to detect
	abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81180	ATXN3 (ataxin 3) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia, Machado-Joseph disease) gene analysis,
	evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81181	ATXN7 (ataxin 7) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to detect
	abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81182	ATXN8OS (ATXN8 opposite strand [non-protein coding]) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia)
	gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81183	ATXN10 (ataxin 10) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to detect
	abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81184	CACNA1A (calcium voltage-gated channel subunit alpha1 A) (eg, spinocerebellar
	ataxia) gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81185	CACNA1A (calcium voltage-gated channel subunit alpha1 A) (eg, spinocerebellar
	ataxia) gene analysis; full gene sequence
81186	CACNA1A (calcium voltage-gated channel subunit alpha1 A) (eg, spinocerebellar
	ataxia) gene analysis; known familial variant
81187	CNBP (CCHC-type zinc finger nucleic acid binding protein) (eg, myotonic dystrophy
	type 2) gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles



81188	CSTB (cystatin B) (eg, Unverricht-Lundborg disease) gene analysis; evaluation to
	detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81189	CSTB (cystatin B) (eg, Unverricht-Lundborg disease) gene analysis; full gene sequence
81190	CSTB (cystatin B) (eg, Unverricht-Lundborg disease) gene analysis; known familial variant(s)
81191	NTRK1 (neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 1) (eg, solid tumors) translocation analysis
81192	NTRK2 (neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 2) (eg, solid tumors) translocation analysis
81193	NTRK3 (neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 3) (eg, solid tumors) translocation analysis
81194	NTRK (neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 1, 2, and 3) (eg, solid tumors) translocation analysis
81200	ASPA (aspartoacylase) (eg, Canavan disease) gene analysis, common variants (eg, E285A, Y231X)
81201	APC (adenomatous polyposis coli) (eg, familial adenomatosis polyposis [FAP], attenuated FAP) gene analysis; full gene sequence
81202	APC (adenomatous polyposis coli) (eg, familial adenomatosis polyposis [FAP], attenuated FAP) gene analysis; known familial variants
81203	APC (adenomatous polyposis coli) (eg, familial adenomatosis polyposis [FAP], attenuated FAP) gene analysis; duplication/deletion variants
81204	AR (androgen receptor) (eg, spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy, Kennedy disease, X chromosome inactivation) gene analysis; characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size or methylation status)
81205	BCKDHB (branched-chain keto acid dehydrogenase E1, beta polypeptide) (eg, maple syrup urine disease) gene analysis, common variants (eg, R183P, G278S, E422X)
81206	BCR/ABL1 (t(9;22)) (eg, chronic myelogenous leukemia) translocation analysis; major breakpoint, qualitative or quantitative
81207	BCR/ABL1 (t(9;22)) (eg, chronic myelogenous leukemia) translocation analysis; minor breakpoint, qualitative or quantitative
81208	BCR/ABL1 (t(9;22)) (eg, chronic myelogenous leukemia) translocation analysis; other breakpoint, qualitative or quantitative
81209	BLM (Bloom syndrome, RecQ helicase-like) (eg, Bloom syndrome) gene analysis, 2281del6ins7 variant
81210	BRAF (B-Raf proto-oncogene, serine/threonine kinase) (eg, colon cancer, melanoma), gene analysis, V600 variant(s)
81218	CEBPA (CCAAT/enhancer binding protein [C/EBP], alpha) (eg, acute myeloid leukemia), gene analysis, full gene sequence
81219	CALR (calreticulin) (eg, myeloproliferative disorders), gene analysis, common variants in exon 9
81220	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator) (eg, cystic fibrosis) gene analysis; common variants (eg, ACMG/ACOG guidelines)



81221	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator) (eg, cystic fibrosis) gene
	analysis; known familial variants
81222	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator) (eg, cystic fibrosis) gene
	analysis; duplication/deletion variants
81223	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator) (eg, cystic fibrosis) gene
	analysis; full gene sequence
81224	CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator) (eg, cystic fibrosis) gene
	analysis; intron 8 poly-T analysis (eg, male infertility)
81225	CYP2C19 (cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily C, polypeptide 19) (eg, drug
	metabolism), gene analysis, common variants (eg, *2, *3, *4, *8, *17)
81226	CYP2D6 (cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily D, polypeptide 6) (eg, drug
	metabolism), gene analysis, common variants (eg, *2, *3, *4, *5, *6, *9, *10, *17,
	*19, *29, *35, *41, *1XN, *2XN, *4XN)
81227	CYP2C9 (cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily C, polypeptide 9) (eg, drug
	metabolism), gene analysis, common variants (eg, *2, *3, *5, *6)
81230	CYP3A4 (cytochrome P450 family 3 subfamily A member 4) (eg, drug metabolism),
	gene analysis, common variant(s) (eg, *2, *22)
81231	CYP3A5 (cytochrome P450 family 3 subfamily A member 5) (eg, drug metabolism),
	gene analysis, common variants (eg, *2, *3, *4, *5, *6, *7)
81232	DPYD (dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase) (eg, 5-fluorouracil/5-FU and capecitabine
	drug metabolism), gene analysis, common variant(s) (eg, *2A, *4, *5, *6)
81233	BTK (Bruton's tyrosine kinase) (eg, chronic lymphocytic leukemia) gene analysis,
	common variants (eg, C481S, C481R, C481F)
81234	DMPK (DM1 protein kinase) (eg, myotonic dystrophy type 1) gene analysis;
	evaluation to detect abnormal (expanded) alleles
81235	EGFR (epidermal growth factor receptor) (eg, non-small cell lung cancer) gene
	analysis, common variants (eg, exon 19 LREA deletion, L858R, T790M, G719A,
	G719S, L861Q)
81236	EZH2 (enhancer of zeste 2 polycomb repressive complex 2 subunit) (eg,
	myelodysplastic syndrome, myeloproliferative neoplasms) gene analysis, full gene
	sequence
81237	EZH2 (enhancer of zeste 2 polycomb repressive complex 2 subunit) (eg, diffuse large
	B-cell lymphoma) gene analysis, common variant(s) (eg, codon 646)
81238	F9 (coagulation factor IX) (eg, hemophilia B), full gene sequence
81239	DMPK (DM1 protein kinase) (eg, myotonic dystrophy type 1) gene analysis;
	characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size)
81240	F2 (prothrombin, coagulation factor II) (eg, hereditary hypercoagulability) gene
	analysis, 20210G>A variant
81241	F5 (coagulation factor V) (eg, hereditary hypercoagulability) gene analysis, Leiden
	variant
81242	FANCC (Fanconi anemia, complementation group C) (eg, Fanconi anemia, type C)
	gene analysis, common variant (eg, IVS4+4A>T)



81243	FMR1 (fragile X messenger ribonucleoprotein 1) (eg, fragile X syndrome, X-linked intellectual disability [XLID]) gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81244	FMR1 (fragile X messenger ribonucleoprotein 1) (eg, fragile X syndrome, X-linked intellectual disability [XLID]) gene analysis; characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size and promoter methylation status)
81245	FLT3 (fms-related tyrosine kinase 3) (eg, acute myeloid leukemia), gene analysis; internal tandem duplication (ITD) variants (ie, exons 14, 15)
81246	FLT3 (fms-related tyrosine kinase 3) (eg, acute myeloid leukemia), gene analysis; tyrosine kinase domain (TKD) variants (eg, D835, I836)
81247	G6PD (glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase) (eg, hemolytic anemia, jaundice), gene analysis; common variant(s) (eg, A, A-)
81248	G6PD (glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase) (eg, hemolytic anemia, jaundice), gene analysis; known familial variant(s)
81249	G6PD (glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase) (eg, hemolytic anemia, jaundice), gene analysis; full gene sequence
81250	G6PC (glucose-6-phosphatase, catalytic subunit) (eg, Glycogen storage disease, type 1a, von Gierke disease) gene analysis, common variants (eg, R83C, Q347X)
81251	GBA (glucosidase, beta, acid) (eg, Gaucher disease) gene analysis, common variants (eg, N370S, 84GG, L444P, IVS2+1G>A)
81252	GJB2 (gap junction protein, beta 2, 26kDa, connexin 26) (eg, nonsyndromic hearing loss) gene analysis; full gene sequence
81253	GJB2 (gap junction protein, beta 2, 26kDa, connexin 26) (eg, nonsyndromic hearing loss) gene analysis; known familial variants
81254	GJB6 (gap junction protein, beta 6, 30kDa, connexin 30) (eg, nonsyndromic hearing loss) gene analysis, common variants (eg, 309kb [del(GJB6-D13S1830)] and 232kb [del(GJB6-D13S1854)])
81255	HEXA (hexosaminidase A [alpha polypeptide]) (eg, Tay-Sachs disease) gene analysis, common variants (eg, 1278insTATC, 1421+1G>C, G269S)
81256	HFE (hemochromatosis) (eg, hereditary hemochromatosis) gene analysis, common variants (eg, C282Y, H63D)
81257	HBA1/HBA2 (alpha globin 1 and alpha globin 2) (eg, alpha thalassemia, Hb Bart hydrops fetalis syndrome, HbH disease), gene analysis; common deletions or variant (eg, Southeast Asian, Thai, Filipino, Mediterranean, alpha3.7, alpha4.2, alpha20.5, Constant Spring)
81258	HBA1/HBA2 (alpha globin 1 and alpha globin 2) (eg, alpha thalassemia, Hb Bart hydrops fetalis syndrome, HbH disease), gene analysis; known familial variant
81259	HBA1/HBA2 (alpha globin 1 and alpha globin 2) (eg, alpha thalassemia, Hb Bart hydrops fetalis syndrome, HbH disease), gene analysis; full gene sequence
81260	IKBKAP (inhibitor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells, kinase complex-associated protein) (eg, familial dysautonomia) gene analysis, common variants (eg, 2507+6T>C, R696P)



81261	IGH@ (Immunoglobulin heavy chain locus) (eg, leukemias and lymphomas, B-cell),
	gene rearrangement analysis to detect abnormal clonal population(s); amplified
	methodology (eg, polymerase chain reaction)
81262	IGH@ (Immunoglobulin heavy chain locus) (eg, leukemias and lymphomas, B-cell),
	gene rearrangement analysis to detect abnormal clonal population(s); direct probe
	methodology (eg, Southern blot)
81263	IGH@ (Immunoglobulin heavy chain locus) (eg, leukemia and lymphoma, B-cell),
	variable region somatic mutation analysis
81264	IGK@ (Immunoglobulin kappa light chain locus) (eg, leukemia and lymphoma, B-cell),
	gene rearrangement analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal clonal population(s)
81265	Comparative analysis using Short Tandem Repeat (STR) markers; patient and
	comparative specimen (eg, pre-transplant recipient and donor germline testing,
	post-transplant non-hematopoietic recipient germline [eg, buccal swab or other
	germline tissue sample] and donor testing, twin zygosity testing, or maternal cell
	contamination of fetal cells)
81266	Comparative analysis using Short Tandem Repeat (STR) markers; each additional
	specimen (eg, additional cord blood donor, additional fetal samples from different
	cultures, or additional zygosity in multiple birth pregnancies) (List separately in
	addition to code for primary procedure)
81267	Chimerism (engraftment) analysis, post transplantation specimen (eg, hematopoietic
	stem cell), includes comparison to previously performed baseline analyses; without
	cell selection
81268	Chimerism (engraftment) analysis, post transplantation specimen (eg, hematopoietic
	stem cell), includes comparison to previously performed baseline analyses; with cell
	selection (eg, CD3, CD33), each cell type
81269	HBA1/HBA2 (alpha globin 1 and alpha globin 2) (eg, alpha thalassemia, Hb Bart
	hydrops fetalis syndrome, HbH disease), gene analysis; duplication/deletion variants
81270	JAK2 (Janus kinase 2) (eg, myeloproliferative disorder) gene analysis, p.Val617Phe
	(V617F) variant
81271	HTT (huntingtin) (eg, Huntington disease) gene analysis; evaluation to detect
24272	abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81272	KIT (v-kit Hardy-Zuckerman 4 feline sarcoma viral oncogene homolog) (eg,
	gastrointestinal stromal tumor [GIST], acute myeloid leukemia, melanoma), gene
040=0	analysis, targeted sequence analysis (eg, exons 8, 11, 13, 17, 18)
81273	KIT (v-kit Hardy-Zuckerman 4 feline <u>sarcoma</u> viral oncogene homolog)
24274	(eg, mastocytosis), gene analysis, D816 variant(s)
81274	HTT (huntingtin) (eg, Huntington disease) gene analysis; characterization of alleles
04375	(eg, expanded size)
81275	KRAS (Kirsten rat sarcoma viral oncogene homolog) (eg, carcinoma) gene analysis;
04276	variants in exon 2 (eg, codons 12 and 13)
81276	KRAS (Kirsten rat <u>sarcoma</u> viral oncogene homolog) (eg, <u>carcinoma</u>) <u>gene analysis</u> ;
	additional variant(s) (eg, codon 61, codon 146)



State of the comment		
breakpoint region (MBR) and minor cluster region (mcr) breakpoints, qualitative or quantitative 81279 JAK2 (Janus kinase 2) (eg, myeloproliferative disorder) targeted sequence analysis (eg, exons 12 and 13) 81283 FNL3 (interferon, lambda 3) (eg, drug response), gene analysis, rs12979860 variant FXN (frataxin) (eg, Friedreich ataxia) gene analysis; evaluation to detect abnormal (expanded) alleles FXN (frataxin) (eg, Friedreich ataxia) gene analysis; characterization of alleles (eg, expanded size) FXN (frataxin) (eg, Friedreich ataxia) gene analysis; full gene sequence FXN (frataxin) (eg, Friedreich ataxia) gene analysis; full gene sequence MGMT (O-6-methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase) (eg, glioblastoma multiforme) promoter methylation analysis MLH1 (mutL homolog 1, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2) (eg, hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; promoter methylation analysis FXN (frataxin) (eg, Friedreich ataxia) gene analysis; known familial variant(s) MCOLN1 (mucolipin 1) (eg, Mucolipidosis, type IV) gene analysis, common variants (eg, IVS3-2A>G, del6-4kb) MTHFR (5,10-methylenetertarhydrofolate reductase) (eg, hereditary hypercoagulability) gene analysis, common variants (eg, 677T, 1298C) MLH1 (mutL homolog 1, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2) (eg, hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis MLH1 (mutL homolog 1, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2) (eg, hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; homo familial variants MLH1 (mutL homolog 2, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 2) (eg, hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; homo familial variants MSH2 (mutS homolog 2, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1) (eg, hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; known familial variants MSH2 (mutS homolog 6 [E. colii) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion variants MSH6 (m		regions for copy number and loss-of-heterozygosity variants for chromosomal
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polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion variants 81298 MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis 81299 MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer,		
variants 81298 MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis 81299 MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer,	81297	MSH2 (mutS homolog 2, colon cancer, nonpolyposis type 1) (eg, hereditary non-
81298 MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis 81299 MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer,		polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion
Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer,		variants
81299 MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer,	81298	MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer,
Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; known familial variants	81299	
	-	Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; known familial variants



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81300	MSH6 (mutS homolog 6 [E. coli]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer,
	Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion variants
81301	Microsatellite instability analysis (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer,
	Lynch syndrome) of markers for mismatch repair deficiency (eg, BAT25, BAT26),
	includes comparison of neoplastic and normal tissue, if performed
81302	MECP2 (methyl CpG binding protein 2) (eg, Rett syndrome) gene analysis; full
	sequence analysis
81303	MECP2 (methyl CpG binding protein 2) (eg, Rett syndrome) gene analysis; known
	familial variant
81304	MECP2 (methyl CpG binding protein 2) (eg, Rett syndrome) gene analysis;
	duplication/deletion variants
81305	MYD88 (myeloid differentiation primary response 88) (eg, Waldenstrom's
	macroglobulinemia, lymphoplasmacytic leukemia) gene analysis, p.Leu265Pro
	(L265P) variant
81306	NUDT15 (nudix hydrolase 15) (eg, drug metabolism) gene analysis, common
	variant(s) (eg, *2, *3, *4, *5, *6)
81307	PALB2 (partner and localizer of BRCA2) (eg, breast and pancreatic cancer) gene
	analysis; full gene sequence
81308	PALB2 (partner and localizer of BRCA2) (eg, breast and pancreatic cancer) gene
	analysis; known familial variant
81309	PIK3CA (phosphatidylinositol-4, 5-biphosphate 3-kinase, catalytic subunit alpha) (eg,
	colorectal and breast cancer) gene analysis, targeted sequence analysis (eg, exons 7,
	9, 20)
81310	NPM1 (nucleophosmin) (eg, acute myeloid leukemia) gene analysis, exon 12 variants
81311	NRAS (neuroblastoma RAS viral [v-ras] oncogene homolog) (eg, colorectal
	carcinoma), gene analysis, variants in exon 2 (eg, codons 12 and 13) and exon 3 (eg,
	codon 61)
81312	PABPN1 (poly[A] binding protein nuclear 1) (eg, oculopharyngeal muscular
	dystrophy) gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81313	PCA3/KLK3 (prostate cancer antigen 3 [non-protein coding]/kallikrein-related
	peptidase 3 [prostate specific antigen]) ratio (eg, prostate cancer)
81314	PDGFRA (platelet-derived growth factor receptor, alpha polypeptide) (eg,
	gastrointestinal stromal tumor [GIST]), gene analysis, targeted sequence analysis (eg,
	exons 12, 18)
81315	PML/RARalpha, (t(15;17)), (promyelocytic leukemia/retinoic acid receptor alpha) (eg,
	promyelocytic leukemia) translocation analysis; common breakpoints (eg, intron 3
	and intron 6), qualitative or quantitative
81316	PML/RARalpha, (t(15;17)), (promyelocytic leukemia/retinoic acid receptor alpha) (eg,
	promyelocytic leukemia) translocation analysis; single breakpoint (eg, intron 3,
	intron 6 or exon 6), qualitative or quantitative
81317	PMS2 (postmeiotic segregation increased 2 [S. cerevisiae]) (eg, hereditary non-
	polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis



81318	DMC2 (nectmoiatic cogregation increased 2 [C. caraviciae]) (ag. haraditary non
91210	PMS2 (postmeiotic segregation increased 2 [S. cerevisiae]) (eg, hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; known familial variants
81319	PMS2 (postmeiotic segregation increased 2 [S. cerevisiae]) (eg, hereditary non-
91319	polyposis colorectal cancer, Lynch syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion
	variants
81320	PLCG2 (phospholipase C gamma 2) (eg, chronic lymphocytic leukemia) gene analysis,
31320	common variants (eg, R665W, S707F, L845F)
81321	PTEN (phosphatase and tensin homolog) (eg, Cowden syndrome, PTEN hamartoma
31321	tumor syndrome) gene analysis; full sequence analysis
81322	PTEN (phosphatase and tensin homolog) (eg, Cowden syndrome, PTEN hamartoma
	tumor syndrome) gene analysis; known familial variant
81323	PTEN (phosphatase and tensin homolog) (eg, Cowden syndrome, PTEN hamartoma
	tumor syndrome) gene analysis; duplication/deletion variant
81324	PMP22 (peripheral myelin protein 22) (eg, Charcot-Marie-Tooth, hereditary
	neuropathy with liability to pressure palsies) gene analysis; duplication/deletion
	analysis
81325	PMP22 (peripheral myelin protein 22) (eg, Charcot-Marie-Tooth, hereditary
	neuropathy with liability to pressure palsies) gene analysis; full sequence analysis
81326	PMP22 (peripheral myelin protein 22) (eg, Charcot-Marie-Tooth, hereditary
	neuropathy with liability to pressure palsies) gene analysis; known familial variant
	SEPT9 (Septin9) (eg, colorectal cancer) promoter methylation analysis
81328	SLCO1B1 (solute carrier organic anion transporter family, member 1B1) (eg, adverse
	drug reaction), gene analysis, common variant(s) (eg, *5)
81329	SMN1 (survival of motor neuron 1, telomeric) (eg, spinal muscular atrophy) gene
	analysis; dosage/deletion analysis (eg, carrier testing), includes SMN2 (survival of
24.222	motor neuron 2, centromeric) analysis, if performed
81330	SMPD1(sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase 1, acid lysosomal) (eg, Niemann-Pick
04.224	disease, Type A) gene analysis, common variants (eg, R496L, L302P, fsP330)
81331	SNRPN/UBE3A (small nuclear ribonucleoprotein polypeptide N and ubiquitin protein
	ligase E3A) (eg, Prader-Willi syndrome and/or Angelman syndrome), methylation analysis
81332	SERPINA1 (serpin peptidase inhibitor, clade A, alpha-1 antiproteinase, antitrypsin,
51552	member 1) (eg, alpha-1-antitrypsin deficiency), gene analysis, common variants (eg,
	*S and *Z)
81333	TGFBI (transforming growth factor beta-induced) (eg, corneal dystrophy) gene
	analysis, common variants (eg, R124H, R124C, R124L, R555W, R555Q)
81334	RUNX1 (runt related transcription factor 1) (eg, acute myeloid leukemia, familial
	platelet disorder with associated myeloid malignancy), gene analysis, targeted
	sequence analysis (eg, exons 3-8)
81335	TPMT (thiopurine S-methyltransferase) (eg, drug metabolism), gene analysis,
	common variants (eg, *2, *3)
81336	SMN1 (survival of motor neuron 1, telomeric) (eg, spinal muscular atrophy) gene
	analysis; full gene sequence



81337	SMN1 (survival of motor neuron 1, telomeric) (eg, spinal muscular atrophy) gene
	analysis; known familial sequence variant(s)
81338	MPL (MPL proto-oncogene, thrombopoietin receptor) (eg, myeloproliferative
	disorder) gene analysis; common variants (eg, W515A, W515K, W515L, W515R)
81339	MPL (MPL proto-oncogene, thrombopoietin receptor) (eg, myeloproliferative
	disorder) gene analysis; sequence analysis, exon 10
81340	TRB@ (T cell antigen receptor, beta) (eg, leukemia and lymphoma), gene
	rearrangement analysis to detect abnormal clonal population(s); using amplification
	methodology (eg, polymerase chain reaction)
81341	TRB@ (T cell antigen receptor, beta) (eg, leukemia and lymphoma), gene
	rearrangement analysis to detect abnormal clonal population(s); using direct probe
	methodology (eg, Southern blot)
81342	TRG@ (T cell antigen receptor, gamma) (eg, leukemia and lymphoma), gene
	rearrangement analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal clonal population(s)
81343	PPP2R2B (protein phosphatase 2 regulatory subunit Bbeta) (eg, spinocerebellar
	ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81344	TBP (TATA box binding protein) (eg, spinocerebellar ataxia) gene analysis, evaluation
	to detect abnormal (eg, expanded) alleles
81345	TERT (telomerase reverse transcriptase) (eg, thyroid carcinoma, glioblastoma
	multiforme) gene analysis, targeted sequence analysis (eg, promoter region)
81346	TYMS (thymidylate synthetase) (eg, 5-fluorouracil/5-FU drug metabolism), gene
	analysis, common variant(s) (eg, tandem repeat variant)
81347	SF3B1 (splicing factor [3b] subunit B1) (eg, myelodysplastic syndrome/acute myeloid
	leukemia) gene analysis, common variants (eg, A672T, E622D, L833F, R625C, R625L)
81348	SRSF2 (serine and arginine-rich splicing factor 2) (eg, myelodysplastic syndrome,
	acute myeloid leukemia) gene analysis, common variants (eg, P95H, P95L)
81349	Cytogenomic (genome-wide) analysis for constitutional chromosomal abnormalities;
	interrogation of genomic regions for copy number and loss-of-heterozygosity
	variants, low-pass sequencing analysis
81350	UGT1A1 (UDP glucuronosyltransferase 1 family, polypeptide A1) (eg, drug
	metabolism, hereditary unconjugated hyperbilirubinemia [Gilbert syndrome]) gene
04074	analysis, common variants (eg, *28, *36, *37)
81351	TP53 (tumor protein 53) (eg, Li-Fraumeni syndrome) gene analysis; full gene
04070	sequence
81352	TP53 (tumor protein 53) (eg, Li-Fraumeni syndrome) gene analysis; targeted
01252	sequence analysis (eg, 4 oncology)
81353	TP53 (tumor protein 53) (eg, Li-Fraumeni syndrome) gene analysis; known familial
04355	variant
81355	VKORC1 (vitamin K epoxide reductase complex, subunit 1) (eg, warfarin
01257	metabolism), gene analysis, common variant(s) (eg, -1639G>A, c.173+1000C>T)
81357	U2AF1 (U2 small nuclear RNA auxiliary factor 1) (eg, myelodysplastic syndrome,
	acute myeloid leukemia) gene analysis, common variants (eg, S34F, S34Y, Q157R,
	Q157P)



81360	ZRSR2 (zinc finger CCCH-type, RNA binding motif and serine/arginine-rich 2) (eg, myelodysplastic syndrome, acute myeloid leukemia) gene analysis, common variant(s) (eg, E65fs, E122fs, R448fs)
81361	HBB (hemoglobin, subunit beta) (eg, sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, hemoglobinopathy); common variant(s) (eg, HbS, HbC, HbE)
81362	HBB (hemoglobin, subunit beta) (eg, sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, hemoglobinopathy); known familial variant(s)
81363	HBB (hemoglobin, subunit beta) (eg, sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, hemoglobinopathy); duplication/deletion variant(s)
81364	HBB (hemoglobin, subunit beta) (eg, sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, hemoglobinopathy); full gene sequence
81370	HLA Class I and II typing, low resolution (eg, antigen equivalents); HLA-A, -B, -C, -DRB1/3/4/5, and -DQB1
81371	HLA Class I and II typing, low resolution (eg, antigen equivalents); HLA-A, -B, and - DRB1 (eg, verification typing)
81372	HLA Class I typing, low resolution (eg, antigen equivalents); complete (ie, HLA-A, -B, and -C)
81373	HLA Class I typing, low resolution (eg, antigen equivalents); one locus (eg, HLA-A, -B, or -C), each
81374	HLA Class I typing, low resolution (eg, antigen equivalents); one antigen equivalent (eg, B*27), each
81375	HLA Class II typing, low resolution (eg, antigen equivalents); HLA-DRB1/3/4/5 and - DQB1
81376	HLA Class II typing, low resolution (eg, antigen equivalents); one locus (eg, HLA-DRB1, -DRB3/4/5, -DQB1, -DQA1, -DPB1, or -DPA1), each
81377	HLA Class II typing, low resolution (eg, antigen equivalents); one antigen equivalent, each
81378	HLA Class I and II typing, high resolution (ie, alleles or allele groups), HLA-A, -B, -C, and -DRB1
81379	HLA Class I typing, high resolution (ie, alleles or allele groups); complete (ie, HLA-A, -B, and -C)
81380	HLA Class I typing, high resolution (ie, alleles or allele groups); one locus (eg, HLA-A, -B, or -C), each
81381	HLA Class I typing, high resolution (ie, alleles or allele groups); one allele or allele group (eg, B*57:01P), each
81382	HLA Class II typing, high resolution (ie, alleles or allele groups); one locus (eg, HLA-DRB1, -DRB3/4/5, -DQB1, -DQA1, -DPB1, or -DPA1), each
81383	HLA Class II typing, high resolution (ie, alleles or allele groups); one allele or allele group (eg, HLA-DQB1*06:02P), each
81400	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 1 (eg, identification of single germline variant [eg, SNP] by techniques such as restriction enzyme digestion or melt curve analysis)



81401	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 2 (eg, 2-10 SNPs, 1 methylated variant, or 1 somatic variant [typically using nonsequencing target variant analysis], or detection
	of a dynamic mutation disorder/triplet repeat)
81402	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 3 (eg, >10 SNPs, 2-10 methylated variants, or 2-10 somatic variants [typically using non-sequencing target variant analysis], immunoglobulin and T-cell receptor gene rearrangements, duplication/deletion variants of 1 exon, loss of heterozygosity [LOH], uniparental disomy [UPD])
81403	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 4 (eg, analysis of single exon by DNA sequence analysis, analysis of >10 amplicons using multiplex PCR in 2 or more independent reactions, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 2-5 exons)
81404	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 5 (eg, analysis of 2-5 exons by DNA sequence analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 6-10 exons, or characterization of a dynamic mutation disorder/triplet repeat by Southern blot analysis)
81405	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 6 (eg, analysis of 6-10 exons by DNA sequence analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 11-25 exons, regionally targeted cytogenomic array analysis)
81406	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 7 (eg, analysis of 11-25 exons by DNA sequence analysis, mutation scanning or duplication/deletion variants of 26-50 exons)
81407	Molecular <u>pathology procedure</u> , Level 8 (eg, <u>analysis</u> of 26-50 exons by DNA sequence <u>analysis</u> , <u>mutation scanning</u> or duplication/deletion variants of >50 exons, sequence <u>analysis</u> of multiple genes on one platform)
81408	Molecular pathology procedure, Level 9 (eg, analysis of >50 exons in a single gene by DNA sequence analysis)
81410	Aortic dysfunction or dilation (eg, Marfan syndrome, Loeys Dietz syndrome, Ehler Danlos syndrome type IV, arterial tortuosity syndrome); genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 9 genes, including FBN1, TGFBR1, TGFBR2, COL3A1, MYH11, ACTA2, SLC2A10, SMAD3, and MYLK
81411	Aortic dysfunction or dilation (eg, Marfan syndrome, Loeys Dietz syndrome, Ehler Danlos syndrome type IV, arterial tortuosity syndrome); duplication/deletion analysis panel, must include analyses for TGFBR1, TGFBR2, MYH11, and COL3A1
81412	Ashkenazi Jewish associated disorders (eg, Bloom syndrome, Canavan disease, cystic fibrosis, familial dysautonomia, Fanconi anemia group C, Gaucher disease, Tay-Sachs disease), genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 9 genes, including ASPA, BLM, CFTR, FANCC, GBA, HEXA, IKBKAP, MCOLN1, and SMPD1
81413	Cardiac ion channelopathies (eg, Brugada syndrome, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia); genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 10 genes, including ANK2, CASQ2, CAV3, KCNE1, KCNE2, KCNH2, KCNJ2, KCNQ1, RYR2, and SCN5A
81414	Cardiac ion channelopathies (eg, Brugada syndrome, long QT syndrome, short QT syndrome, catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia);



	duplication/deletion gene analysis panel, must include analysis of at least 2 genes, including KCNH2 and KCNQ1
81415	Exome (eg, unexplained constitutional or heritable disorder or syndrome); sequence analysis
81416	Exome (eg, unexplained constitutional or heritable disorder or syndrome); sequence analysis, each comparator exome (eg, parents, siblings) (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
81417	Exome (eg, unexplained constitutional or heritable disorder or syndrome); re- evaluation of previously obtained exome sequence (eg, updated knowledge or unrelated condition/syndrome)
81418	Drug metabolism (eg, pharmacogenomics) genomic sequence analysis panel, must include testing of at least 6 genes, including CYP2C19, CYP2D6, and CYP2D6 duplication/deletion analysis
81419	Epilepsy genomic sequence analysis panel, must include analyses for ALDH7A1, CACNA1A, CDKL5, CHD2, GABRG2, GRIN2A, KCNQ2, MECP2, PCDH19, POLG, PRRT2, SCN1A, SCN1B, SCN2A, SCN8A, SLC2A1, SLC9A6, STXBP1, SYNGAP1, TCF4, TPP1, TSC1, TSC2, and ZEB2
81422	Fetal chromosomal microdeletion(s) genomic sequence analysis (eg, DiGeorge syndrome, Cri-du-chat syndrome), circulating cell-free fetal DNA in maternal blood
81425	Genome (eg, unexplained constitutional or heritable disorder or syndrome); sequence analysis
81426	Genome (eg, unexplained constitutional or heritable disorder or syndrome); sequence analysis, each comparator genome (eg, parents, siblings) (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
81427	Genome (eg, unexplained constitutional or heritable disorder or syndrome); re- evaluation of previously obtained genome sequence (eg, updated knowledge or unrelated condition/syndrome)
81430	Hearing loss (eg, nonsyndromic hearing loss, Usher syndrome, Pendred syndrome); genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 60 genes, including CDH23, CLRN1, GJB2, GPR98, MTRNR1, MYO7A, MYO15A, PCDH15, OTOF, SLC26A4, TMC1, TMPRSS3, USH1C, USH1G, USH2A, and WFS1
81431	Hearing loss (eg, nonsyndromic hearing loss, Usher syndrome, Pendred syndrome); duplication/deletion analysis panel, must include copy number analyses for STRC and DFNB1 deletions in GJB2 and GJB6 genes
81432	Hereditary breast cancer-related disorders (eg, hereditary breast cancer, hereditary ovarian cancer, hereditary endometrial cancer); genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 10 genes, always including BRCA1, BRCA2, CDH1, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, PALB2, PTEN, STK11, and TP53
81433	Hereditary breast cancer-related disorders (eg, hereditary breast cancer, hereditary ovarian cancer, hereditary endometrial cancer); duplication/deletion analysis panel, must include analyses for BRCA1, BRCA2, MLH1, MSH2, and STK11
81434	Hereditary retinal disorders (eg, retinitis pigmentosa, Leber congenital amaurosis, cone-rod dystrophy), genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of



	at least 15 genes, including ABCA4, CNGA1, CRB1, EYS, PDE6A, PDE6B, PRPF31,
	PRPH2, RDH12, RHO, RP1, RP2, RPE65, RPGR, and USH2A
81435	Hereditary colon cancer disorders (eg, Lynch syndrome, PTEN hamartoma syndrome,
	Cowden syndrome, familial adenomatosis polyposis); genomic sequence analysis
	panel, must include sequencing of at least 10 genes, including APC, BMPR1A, CDH1,
01.436	MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, MUTYH, PTEN, SMAD4, and STK11
81436	Hereditary colon cancer disorders (eg, Lynch syndrome, PTEN hamartoma syndrome, Cowden syndrome, familial adenomatosis polyposis); duplication/deletion analysis
	panel, must include analysis of at least 5 genes, including MLH1, MSH2, EPCAM,
	SMAD4, and STK11
81437	Hereditary neuroendocrine tumor disorders (eg, medullary thyroid carcinoma,
01437	parathyroid carcinoma, malignant pheochromocytoma or paraganglioma); genomic
	sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 6 genes, including MAX,
	SDHB, SDHC, SDHD, TMEM127, and VHL
81438	Hereditary neuroendocrine tumor disorders (eg, medullary thyroid carcinoma,
	parathyroid carcinoma, malignant pheochromocytoma or paraganglioma);
	duplication/deletion analysis panel, must include analyses for SDHB, SDHC, SDHD,
	and VHL
81439	Hereditary cardiomyopathy (eg, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, dilated
	cardiomyopathy, arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy), genomic
	sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 5 cardiomyopathy-
81440	related genes (eg, DSG2, MYBPC3, MYH7, PKP2, TTN)
01440	Nuclear encoded mitochondrial genes (eg, neurologic or myopathic phenotypes), genomic sequence panel, must include analysis of at least 100 genes, including
	BCS1L, C10orf2, COQ2, COX10, DGUOK, MPV17, OPA1, PDSS2, POLG, POLG2,
	RRM2B, SCO1, SCO2, SLC25A4, SUCLA2, SUCLG1, TAZ, TK2, and TYMP
81441	Inherited bone marrow failure syndromes (IBMFS) (eg, Fanconi anemia, dyskeratosis
0	congenita, Diamond-Blackfan anemia, Shwachman-Diamond syndrome, GATA2
	deficiency syndrome, congenital amegakaryocytic thrombocytopenia) sequence
	analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 30 genes, including BRCA2, BRIP1,
	DKC1, FANCA, FANCB, FANCC, FANCD2, FANCE, FANCF, FANCG, FANCI, FANCL,
	GATA1, GATA2, MPL, NHP2, NOP10, PALB2, RAD51C, RPL11, RPL35A, RPL5, RPS10,
	RPS19, RPS24, RPS26, RPS7, SBDS, TERT, and TINF2
81442	Noonan spectrum disorders (eg, Noonan syndrome, cardio-facio-cutaneous
	syndrome, Costello syndrome, LEOPARD syndrome, Noonan-like syndrome),
	genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 12 genes,
	including BRAF, CBL, HRAS, KRAS, MAP2K1, MAP2K2, NRAS, PTPN11, RAF1, RIT1,
91///2	SHOC2, and SOS1 Genetic testing for severe inherited conditions (eg. systic fibrosis. Ashkanazi lewish-
81443	Genetic testing for severe inherited conditions (eg, cystic fibrosis, Ashkenazi Jewish-associated disorders [eg, Bloom syndrome, Canavan disease, Fanconi anemia type C,
	mucolipidosis type VI, Gaucher disease, Tay-Sachs disease], beta
	hemoglobinopathies, phenylketonuria, galactosemia), genomic sequence analysis
	panel, must include sequencing of at least 15 genes (eg, ACADM, ARSA, ASPA,
	Pariety mast include sequencing of at least 15 genes (eg, northwy, morty Asi A)



	ATP7B, BCKDHA, BCKDHB, BLM, CFTR, DHCR7, FANCC, G6PC, GAA, GALT, GBA, GBE1, HBB, HEXA, IKBKAP, MCOLN1, PAH)
81445	Solid organ neoplasm, genomic sequence analysis panel, 5-50 genes, interrogation for sequence variants and copy number variants or rearrangements, if performed; DNA analysis or combined DNA and RNA analysis
81448	Hereditary peripheral neuropathies (eg, Charcot-Marie-Tooth, spastic paraplegia), genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 5 peripheral neuropathy-related genes (eg, BSCL2, GJB1, MFN2, MPZ, REEP1, SPAST, SPG11, SPTLC1)
81449	Solid organ neoplasm, genomic sequence analysis panel, 5-50 genes, interrogation for sequence variants and copy number variants or rearrangements, if performed; RNA analysis
81450	Hematolymphoid neoplasm or disorder, genomic sequence analysis panel, 5-50 genes, interrogation for sequence variants, and copy number variants or rearrangements, or isoform expression or mRNA expression levels, if performed; DNA analysis or combined DNA and RNA analysis
81451	Hematolymphoid neoplasm or disorder, genomic sequence analysis panel, 5-50 genes, interrogation for sequence variants, and copy number variants or rearrangements, or isoform expression or mRNA expression levels, if performed; RNA analysis
81455	Solid organ or hematolymphoid neoplasm or disorder, 51 or greater genes, genomic sequence analysis panel, interrogation for sequence variants and copy number variants or rearrangements, or isoform expression or mRNA expression levels, if performed; DNA analysis or combined DNA and RNA analysis
81456	Solid organ or hematolymphoid neoplasm or disorder, 51 or greater genes, genomic sequence analysis panel, interrogation for sequence variants and copy number variants or rearrangements, or isoform expression or mRNA expression levels, if performed; RNA analysis
81457	Solid organ neoplasm, genomic sequence analysis panel, interrogation for sequence variants; DNA analysis, microsatellite instability
81458	Solid organ neoplasm, genomic sequence analysis panel, interrogation for sequence variants; DNA analysis, copy number variants and microsatellite instability
81459	Solid organ neoplasm, genomic sequence analysis panel, interrogation for sequence variants; DNA analysis or combined DNA and RNA analysis, copy number variants, microsatellite instability, tumor mutation burden, and rearrangements
81460	Whole mitochondrial genome (eg, Leigh syndrome, mitochondrial encephalomyopathy, lactic acidosis, and stroke-like episodes [MELAS], myoclonic epilepsy with ragged-red fibers [MERFF], neuropathy, ataxia, and retinitis pigmentosa [NARP], Leber hereditary optic neuropathy [LHON]), genomic sequence, must include sequence analysis of entire mitochondrial genome with heteroplasmy detection



81462	Solid organ neoplasm, genomic sequence analysis panel, cell-free nucleic acid (eg, plasma), interrogation for sequence variants; DNA analysis or combined DNA and RNA analysis, copy number variants and rearrangements
81463	Solid organ <u>neoplasm</u> , genomic sequence <u>analysis</u> panel, <u>cell-free nucleic</u> <u>acid</u> (eg, <u>plasma</u>), interrogation for sequence variants; DNA <u>analysis</u> , <u>copy number</u> <u>variants</u> , and microsatellite instability
81464	Solid organ neoplasm, genomic sequence analysis panel, cell-free nucleic acid (eg, plasma), interrogation for sequence variants; DNA analysis or combined DNA and RNA analysis, copy number variants, microsatellite instability, tumor mutation burden, and rearrangements
81465	Whole mitochondrial genome large deletion analysis panel (eg, Kearns-Sayre syndrome, chronic progressive external ophthalmoplegia), including heteroplasmy detection, if performed
81470	X-linked intellectual disability (XLID) (eg, syndromic and non-syndromic XLID); genomic sequence analysis panel, must include sequencing of at least 60 genes, including ARX, ATRX, CDKL5, FGD1, FMR1, HUWE1, IL1RAPL, KDM5C, L1CAM, MECP2, MED12, MID1, OCRL, RPS6KA3, and SLC16A2
81471	X-linked intellectual disability (XLID) (eg, syndromic and non-syndromic XLID); duplication/deletion gene analysis, must include analysis of at least 60 genes, including ARX, ATRX, CDKL5, FGD1, FMR1, HUWE1, IL1RAPL, KDM5C, L1CAM, MECP2, MED12, MID1, OCRL, RPS6KA3, and SLC16A2
81479	Unlisted molecular pathology procedure
81490	Autoimmune (rheumatoid arthritis), analysis of 12 biomarkers using immunoassays, utilizing serum, prognostic algorithm reported as a disease activity score
81493	Coronary artery disease, mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time RT-PCR of 23 genes, utilizing whole peripheral blood, algorithm reported as a risk score
81500	Oncology (ovarian), biochemical assays of two proteins (CA-125 and HE4), utilizing serum, with menopausal status, algorithm reported as a risk score
81503	Oncology (ovarian), biochemical assays of five proteins (CA-125, apolipoprotein A1, beta-2 microglobulin, transferrin, and pre-albumin), utilizing serum, algorithm reported as a risk score
81504	Oncology (tissue of origin), microarray gene expression profiling of > 2000 genes, utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as tissue similarity scores
81506	Endocrinology (type 2 diabetes), biochemical assays of seven analytes (glucose, HbA1c, insulin, hs-CRP, adiponectin, ferritin, interleukin 2-receptor alpha), utilizing serum or plasma, algorithm reporting a risk score
81517	Liver disease, analysis of 3 biomarkers (hyaluronic acid [HA], procollagen III amino terminal peptide [PIIINP], tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 1 [TIMP-1]), using immunoassays, utilizing serum, prognostic algorithm reported as a risk score and risk of liver fibrosis and liver-related clinical events within 5 years



81518	Oncology (breast), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time RT-PCR of 11 genes
	(7 content and 4 housekeeping), utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue,
	algorithms reported as percentage risk for metastatic recurrence and likelihood of
	benefit from extended endocrine therapy
81519	Oncology (breast), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time RT-PCR of 21 genes, utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue, algorithm reported as recurrence
	score

81520	Oncology (breast), mRNA gene expression profiling by hybrid capture of 58 genes (50 content and 8 housekeeping), utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as a recurrence risk score
81521	Oncology (breast), mRNA, microarray gene expression profiling of 70 content genes and 465 housekeeping genes, utilizing fresh frozen or formalin-fixed paraffinembedded tissue, algorithm reported as index related to risk of distant metastasis
81522	Oncology (breast), mRNA, gene expression profiling by RT-PCR of 12 genes (8 content and 4 housekeeping), utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as recurrence risk score
81523	Oncology (breast), mRNA, next-generation sequencing gene expression profiling of 70 content genes and 31 housekeeping genes, utilizing formalin-fixed paraffinembedded tissue, algorithm reported as index related to risk to distant metastasis
81525	Oncology (colon), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time RT-PCR of 12 genes (7 content and 5 housekeeping), utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as a recurrence score
81529	Oncology (cutaneous melanoma), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time RT-PCR of 31 genes (28 content and 3 housekeeping), utilizing formalin-fixed paraffinembedded tissue, algorithm reported as recurrence risk, including likelihood of sentinel lymph node metastasis
81535	Oncology (gynecologic), live tumor cell culture and chemotherapeutic response by DAPI stain and morphology, predictive algorithm reported as a drug response score; first single drug or drug combination
81536	Oncology (gynecologic), live tumor cell culture and chemotherapeutic response by DAPI stain and morphology, predictive algorithm reported as a drug response score; each additional single drug or drug combination (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
81538	Oncology (lung), mass spectrometric 8-protein signature, including amyloid A, utilizing serum, prognostic and predictive algorithm reported as good versus poor overall survival
81540	Oncology (tumor of unknown origin), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time RT-PCR of 92 genes (87 content and 5 housekeeping) to classify tumor into main cancer type and subtype, utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as a probability of a predicted main cancer type and subtype
81541	Oncology (prostate), mRNA gene expression profiling by real-time RT-PCR of 46 genes (31 content and 15 housekeeping), utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as a disease-specific mortality risk score



81542	Oncology (prostate), mRNA, microarray gene expression profiling of 22 content
	genes, utilizing formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as
	metastasis risk score

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81546	Oncology (thyroid), mRNA, gene expression analysis of 10,196 genes, utilizing fine needle aspirate, algorithm reported as a categorical result (eg, benign or suspicious)
81552	Oncology (uveal melanoma), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time RT-PCR of
81332	15 genes (12 content and 3 housekeeping), utilizing fine needle aspirate or formalin-
	fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as risk of metastasis
81554	Pulmonary disease (idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis [IPF]), mRNA, gene expression
01334	analysis of 190 genes, utilizing transbronchial biopsies, diagnostic algorithm reported
	as categorical result (eg, positive or negative for high probability of usual interstitial
	pneumonia [UIP])
81595	Cardiology (heart transplant), mRNA, gene expression profiling by real-time
	quantitative PCR of 20 genes (11 content and 9 housekeeping), utilizing subfraction
	of peripheral blood, algorithm reported as a rejection risk score
81596	Infectious disease, chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection, six biochemical assays
	(ALT, A2-macroglobulin, apolipoprotein A-1, total bilirubin, GGT, and haptoglobin)
	utilizing serum, prognostic algorithm reported as scores for fibrosis and
	necroinflammatory activity in liver
81599	Unlisted multianalyte assay with algorithmic analysis
S3840	DNA analysis for germline mutations of the RET proto-oncogene for susceptibility to
	multiple endocrine neoplasia type 2
S3841	Genetic testing for retinoblastoma
S3842	Genetic testing for Von Hippel-Lindau disease
S3845	Genetic testing for alpha-thalassemia
S3846	Genetic testing for hemoglobin E beta-thalassemia
S3849	Genetic testing for Niemann-Pick disease
S3850	Genetic testing for sickle cell anemia
S3853	Genetic testing for myotonic muscular dystrophy
S3854	Gene expression profiling panel for use in the management of breast cancer
	treatment
S3861	Genetic testing, sodium channel, voltage-gated, type V, alpha subunit (SCN5A) and
	variants for suspected Brugada Syndrome
S3865	Comprehensive gene sequence analysis for hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
S3866	Genetic analysis for a specific gene mutation for hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
	(HCM) in an individual with a known HCM mutation in the family
S3870	Comparative genomic hybridization (CGH) microarray testing for developmental
	delay, autism spectrum disorder and/or intellectual disability



REGULATORY NOTES:

Medical Necessity Guidelines are published to provide a better understanding of the basis upon which coverage decisions are made. CCA makes coverage decisions on a case-by-case basis by considering the individual member's health care needs. If at any time an applicable CMS LCD or NCD or state-specific MNG is more expansive than the criteria set forth herein, the NCD, LCD, or state-specific MNG criteria shall supersede these criteria.

This MNG references the specific regulations, coverage, limitations, service conditions, and/or prior authorization requirements in the following:

Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Publication 100-02, Chapter 15, Section 80.1

Medicare National Coverage Determinations, Publication 100-03, Chapter 1, Part 2, Section 90.2

Medicare, Local Coverage Determination (L35000)

Medicare, Local Coverage Determination (L37606)

Medicare, Local Coverage Determination (L37810)

Medicare, Local Coverage Determination (L38371)

Medicare, Local Coverage Determination (L38968)

MassHealth, 130 CMR 433.000: Physician Services

MassHealth, 130 CMR 401.000, Independent Clinical Laboratory Manual, Subchapter 6

DISCLAIMER:

Commonwealth Care Alliance (CCA) follows applicable Medicare and Medicaid regulations and uses evidence based InterQual© criteria, when available, to review prior authorization requests for medical necessity. This Medical Necessity Guideline (MNG) applies to all CCA Products unless a more expansive and applicable CMS National Coverage Determinations (NCDs), Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs), or state-specific medical necessity guideline exists. Medical Necessity Guidelines are published to provide a better understanding of the basis upon which coverage decisions are made. CCA makes coverage decisions on a case-by-case basis by considering the individual member's health care needs. If at any time an applicable CMS LCD or NCD or state-specific MNG is more expansive than the criteria set forth herein, the NCD, LCD, or state-specific MNG criteria shall supersede these criteria.

Benefit coverage for health services is determined by the member specific benefit plan document and applicable laws that may require coverage for a specific service. This Medical Necessity Guideline is subject to all applicable Plan Policies and Guidelines, including requirements for prior authorization and other requirements in Provider's agreement with the Plan (including complying with Plan's Provider Manual specifications).

This Medical Necessity Guideline is not a rigid rule. As with all CCA's criteria, the fact that a member does not meet these criteria does not, in and of itself, indicate that no coverage can be issued for these services. Providers are advised, however, that if they request services for any member who they know does not meet our criteria, the request should be accompanied by clear and convincing documentation of medical necessity. The preferred type of documentation is the letter of medical necessity, indicating that a request should be covered either because there is supporting science indicating medical necessity (supporting literature (full text preferred) should be attached to the request), or describing



the member's unique clinical circumstances, and describing why this service or supply will be more effective and/or less costly than another service which would otherwise be covered. Note that both supporting scientific evidence and a description of the member's unique clinical circumstances will generally be required.

RELATED REFERENCES:

- 1. Genetic Testing. UpToDate.com/login [via subscription only]. Published July 22, 2024. Accessed July 30, 2024. https://www.uptodate.com/contents/genetic-testing?search=genetic&source=search_result&selectedTitle=6%7E150&usage_type=default&display_rank=6
- Next-generation DNA sequencing (NGS): Principles and clinical applications. UpToDate.com/login [via subscription only]. Published February 7, 2024. Accessed August 1, 2024. <a href="https://www.uptodate.com/contents/next-generation-dna-sequencing-ngs-principles-and-clinical-applications?search=MOLECULAR%20TEST&source=search_result&selectedTitle=1%7E150&usage_type=default&display_rank=1
- 3. Overview of Pharmacogenomics. UpToDate.com/login [via subscription only]. Published July 5, 2024. Accessed July 23, 2024. https://www.uptodate.com/contents/overview-of-pharmacogenomics?search=genetic&source=search_result&selectedTitle=10%7E150&usage_type=default&display_rank=10
- October 3, 2023. Accessed July 30, 2024. <a href="https://www.uptodate.com/contents/tools-for-genetics-and-genomics-gene-expression-profiling?search=MOLECULAR%20TEST&source=search_result&selectedTitle=2%7E150&usage_type=default&displa_y_rank=2

REVISION LOG:

REVISION	DESCRIPTION
2/13/25	Effective July 1, 2025, CPT 81490, 81506, 81517, 81596 are covered with prior authorization; CPT 81539, 81551 do not require prior authorization.
1/1/25	Template and CCA product update. Code updates: CPT 81508-81514, 81528 no longer require prior authorization. CPT 81535, 81536, 81538, 81539 covered with prior authorization.
8/8/24	Language clarification regarding use of applicable CMS/Mass Health guidelines. MNG refers to applicable LCD/NCD and MassHealth guidelines Current CPT code table replaced by updated CPT code list and no longer includes ICD 10 codes. Clinical coverage criteria are applicable when no CMS or MassHealth guidance.
12/31/23	Utilization Management Committee approval
11/9/23	CPT 81432 removed from Table 2 Noncovered codes, added to Table 1 covered codes. CPT codes removed, 81162, 81163, 81164, 81165, 81166, 81167, 81212, 81215, 81216, 81217; refer to Genetic Testing: BRCA-Related Breast and/or Ovarian Cancer Syndrome MNG.
9/26/22	Format of CPT codes changed. References to other internally developed genetic test MNGs added.
9/20/22	Noncovered CPT codes added.



APPROVALS:

Genetic and Molecular Testing Medical Necessity Guideline

Template update. Background information added to the overview and definitions section. Clinical eligibility and limitations updated to reflect CMS local coverage
determination (L35000) and article (A56199). CPT codes added.
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Stefan Topolski Medical Director Title [Print] **CCA Senior Clinical Lead [Print]** Stefen Topoleti 2/13/25 Signature **Date** Click here to enter text. **CCA Senior Operational Lead [Print]** Title [Print] Signature Date **Chief Medical Officer** Nazlim Hagmann **CCA CMO or Designee [Print]** Title [Print] Nazlim Hagmann 2/13/25 Date Signature