

UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT MEDICAL POLICY

POLICY: Iron Replacement – INFeD Utilization Management Medical Policy

- INFeD® (iron dextran intravenous or intramuscular injection – Allergan)

REVIEW DATE: 01/07/2026

OVERVIEW

INFeD, an intravenous iron replacement product, is indicated for the treatment of documented **iron deficiency** in adult and pediatric patients ≥ 4 months of age who have intolerance to oral iron or an unsatisfactory response to oral iron.¹

Dosing Information

INFeD is administered by intravenous (IV) or intramuscular injection and treatment may be repeated if iron deficiency remains persistent or recurring.¹ The INFeD prescribing information provides formulas and table guides for individualized dosages.

Guidelines

Anemia in CKD

The Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes clinical practice guideline for anemia in CKD (2025) make various recommendations regarding iron therapy.² For patients with CKD and anemia receiving hemodialysis, initiation of IV iron is suggested if transferrin saturation (TSAT) is $\leq 30\%$ and ferritin is ≤ 500 ng/mL. For patients with CKD and anemia who are not receiving hemodialysis or treated with peritoneal dialysis, initiation of oral or IV iron is suggested if TSAT is $< 40\%$ and ferritin < 100 ng/mL or if TSAT $< 25\%$ with ferritin ≥ 100 ng/mL and < 300 ng/mL. For patients with CKD and profound iron deficiency (TSAT $< 20\%$ and ferritin < 30 ng/mL) but no anemia, consider treatment with oral or IV iron. Additional practice points are noted such as a switch from oral to IV iron if there is an insufficient effect of an optimal oral regimen after 1 to 3 months. KDIGO also notes the choice between different formulations of IV iron should be guided by individual considerations and recommended dosing schedules.

Cancer-Related Anemia

The National Comprehensive Cancer Network guidelines on hematopoietic growth factors (version 3.2026 – December 5, 2025) discuss the management of cancer- and chemotherapy-induced anemia.³ Treatment for iron deficiency is guided by iron status, which is defined in the guidelines as: absolute iron deficiency, functional iron deficiency, possible functional iron deficiency, or no iron deficiency, and use in combination with erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (ESAs). IV iron therapy is considered an option for patients with absolute iron deficiency (ferritin < 30 ng/mL and TSAT $< 20\%$) and possible functional iron deficiency (ferritin > 500 -800 ng/mL and TSAT $< 50\%$) in selected patients (with the goal of avoiding allogeneic transfusion). IV iron therapy is also considered an option in combination with ESAs for the treatment of functional iron deficiency (ferritin 30 to 500 ng/mL and TSAT $< 50\%$) in patients receiving myelosuppressive chemotherapy without curative intent and absolute iron deficiency (ferritin < 30 ng/mL and TSAT $< 20\%$) in patients who do not experience an increase in hemoglobin after four weeks of IV or oral iron supplementation. All recommendations are category 2A for each product.

Heart Failure

The American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association guideline for the management of heart failure (2022) states that in patients with heart failure with reduced ejection fraction (left ventricular ejection

fraction $\leq 40\%$), absolute iron deficiency (ferritin < 100 ng/mL) or functional iron deficiency (ferritin = 100 to 300 mg/mL if TSAT is $< 20\%$), and with or without anemia, IV iron replacement is reasonable to improve functional status and quality of life (2a recommendation).⁴

Safety

INFeD has a black box warning regarding the risk for anaphylactic-type reactions, including fatalities.¹ Administer a test dose of INFeD prior to administration of therapeutic dose.

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for medical benefit coverage of INFeD. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria** and **Dosing** for the listed indications. Extended approvals are allowed if the patient continues to meet the Criteria and Dosing. Requests for doses outside of the established dosing documented in this policy will be considered on a case-by-case basis by a clinician (i.e., Medical Director or Pharmacist). All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with INFeD as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, particular approvals require INFeD to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

Automation: None.

RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of INFeD is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indication

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1. **Iron Deficiency Anemia, Other.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ONE of the following (A, B, C, or D):
 - A) Patient meets BOTH of the following (i and ii):
 - i. Patient has tried oral iron supplementation; AND
 - ii. According to the prescriber, oral iron supplementation was ineffective or intolerable; OR
 - B) According to the prescriber, patient has a condition that will interfere with oral iron absorption; OR
Note: Examples of conditions that may interfere with oral iron absorption may include inflammatory bowel disease such as Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis.
 - C) Patient is currently receiving an erythropoiesis-stimulating agent; OR
Note: Examples of erythropoiesis-stimulating agents include an epoetin alfa product, a darbepoetin alfa product, or a methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta product.
 - D) The medication is being requested for cancer- or chemotherapy-related anemia.

Dosing. Approve up to a maximum cumulative total dose of 1000 mg given intravenously or intramuscularly per 30 days.

Other Uses with Supportive Evidence

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2. **Iron Deficiency Anemia in Patients with Chronic Kidney Disease who are on Dialysis.** Approve for 3 years.
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- 3. Iron Deficiency Anemia in Patients with Chronic Kidney Disease who are not on Dialysis.** Approve for 1 year if the medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a nephrologist or hematologist.

Dosing. Approve up to a maximum cumulative total dose of 1000 mg given intravenously or intramuscularly per 30 days.

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- 4. Iron Deficiency Associated with Heart Failure.** Approve for 1 year if the medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist or hematologist.

Dosing. Approve up to a maximum cumulative total dose of 1000 mg given intravenously or intramuscularly per 30 days.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of INFED is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

REFERENCES

1. INFED® [prescribing information]. Madison, NJ: Allergan; August 2024.
2. Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) Anemia Work Group. 2025 KDIGO Clinical Practice Guideline for Anemia in Chronic Kidney Disease (November 2024 Public Review Draft). Available at: <https://kdigo.org/guidelines/anemia-in-ckd/>. Accessed on December 15, 2025.
3. The NCCN Hematopoietic Growth Factors Guidelines in Oncology (version 3.2026 – December 5, 2025). © 2025 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on December 16, 2025.
4. Heidenreich PA, Bozkurt B, Aguilar D, et al. 2022 AHA/ACC/HFSA Guideline for the Management of Heart Failure: A Report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Joint Committee on Clinical Practice Guidelines [published correction appears in *J Am Coll Cardiol*. 2023 Apr 18;81(15):1551]. *J Am Coll Cardiol*. 2022;79(17):e263-e421.

HISTORY

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
Annual Revision	No criteria changes.	01/10/2024
Annual Revision	Iron Deficiency Anemia, Other: The verbiage “patient has a condition which, per the prescriber, will interfere with oral iron absorption” was updated to “according to the prescriber, patient has a condition that will interfere with oral iron absorption”. Examples of “conditions that may interfere with oral iron absorption” were moved from the criteria to a Note. The term “erythroid-stimulating agents” was updated to “erythropoiesis-stimulating agents”.	01/15/2025
Annual Revision	No criteria changes.	01/07/2026